NAG Fortran Library Routine Document G05RBF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of **bold italicised** terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G05RBF sets up a reference vector and generates an array of pseudo-random numbers from a Student's t copula with ν degrees of freedom and covariance matrix $\frac{\nu}{\nu-2}C$.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE GO5RBF (MODE, DF, M, C, LDC, N, X, LDX, IGEN, ISEED, R, LR, IFAIL)

INTEGER MODE, DF, M, LDC, N, LDX, IGEN, ISEED(4), LR, IFAIL double precision C(LDC,M), X(LDX,M), R(LR)
```

3 Description

The Student's t copula, c, is defined by

$$c(u_1, u_2, \dots, u_m; C) = T_{\nu, C}^m \left(t_{\nu, C_{11}}^{-1}(u_1), t_{\nu, C_{22}}^{-1}(u_2), \dots, t_{\nu, C_{mm}}^{-1}(u_m) \right)$$

where m is the number of dimensions, $T^m_{\nu,C}$ is the multivariate Student's t density function with ν degrees of freedom, mean zero and covariance matrix $\frac{\nu}{\nu-2}C$ and $t^{-1}_{\nu,C_{ii}}$ is the inverse of the univariate Student's t density function with ν degrees of freedom, zero mean and variance $\frac{\nu}{\nu-2}C_{ii}$.

Routine G05LXF is used to generate a vector from a multivariate Student's t distribution and routine G01EBF is used to convert each element of that vector into a uniformly distributed value between zero and one.

One of the initialization routines G05KBF (for a repeatable sequence if computed sequentially) or G05KCF (for a non-repeatable sequence) must be called prior to the first call to G05RBF.

4 References

Nelsen R B (1998) An Introduction to Copulas. Lecture Notes in Statistics 139 Springer Sklar A (1973) Random Variables: Joint Distribution Functions and Copulas Kybernetika 9 499–460

5 Parameters

1: MODE – INTEGER Input

On entry: selects the operation to be performed:

MODE = 0

Initialize and generate random numbers.

MODE = 1

Initialize only (i.e., set up reference vector).

MODE = 2

Generate random numbers using previously set up reference vector.

Constraint: $0 \leq MODE \leq 2$.

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2: DF – INTEGER Input

On entry: ν , the number of degrees of freedom of the distribution.

Constraint: DF \geq 3.

3: M – INTEGER Input

On entry: m, the number of dimensions of the distribution.

Constraint: M > 0.

4: C(LDC,M) – *double precision* array

Input

On entry: matrix which, along with DF defines the covariance of the distribution. Only the upper triangle need be set.

5: LDC – INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array C as declared in the (sub)program from which G05RBF is called.

Constraint: LDC \geq M.

6: N – INTEGER Input

On entry: n, the number of random variates required.

Constraint: $N \ge 1$.

7: X(LDX,M) – *double precision* array

Output

On exit: the array of pseudo-random multivariate Student's t vectors generated by the routine.

8: LDX – INTEGER Input

On entry: the first dimension of the array X as declared in the (sub)program from which G05RBF is called.

Constraint: $LDX \ge N$.

9: IGEN – INTEGER Input

On entry: must contain the identification number for the generator to be used to return a pseudorandom number and should remain unchanged following initialization by a prior call to one of the routines G05KBF or G05KCF.

10: ISEED(4) – INTEGER array

Input/Output

On entry: contains values which define the current state of the selected generator.

On exit: contains updated values defining the new state of the selected generator.

11: R(LR) – *double precision* array

Input/Output

On entry: if MODE = 2, the reference vector as set up by G05RBF in a previous call with MODE = 0 or 1.

On exit: if MODE = 0 or 1, the reference vector that can be used in subsequent calls to G05RBF with MODE = 2.

12: LR – INTEGER Input

On entry: the dimension of the array R as declared in the (sub)program from which G05RBF is called. If MODE = 2, it must be the same as the value of LR specified in the prior call to G05RBF with MODE = 0 or 1.

Constraint: LR > M(M + 1) + 1.

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13: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. Users who are unfamiliar with this parameter should refer to Chapter P01 for details.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, for users not familiar with this parameter the recommended value is 0. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, MODE $\neq 0$, 1 or 2.

IFAIL = 2

On entry, DF ≤ 2 .

IFAIL = 3

On entry, M < 1.

IFAIL = 4

The covariance matrix C is not positive semi-definite to machine precision.

IFAIL = 5

On entry, LDC < M.

IFAIL = 6

On entry, N < 1.

IFAIL = 8

On entry, LDX < N.

IFAIL = 9

On entry, invalid value for IGEN. IGEN must be the same as the value as specified in the prior call to G05RBF with MODE = 0 or 1.

IFAIL = 11

The reference vector R has been corrupted or M has changed since R was set up in a previous call with MODE = 0 or 1.

IFAIL = 12

On entry, LR < M(M + 1).

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7 Accuracy

See Section 7 of the document for G05LXF for an indication of the accuracy of the underlying multivariate t-distribution.

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

The example program prints ten pseudo-random observations from a Student's t copula with ten degrees of freedom and C matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1.69 & 0.39 & -1.86 & 0.07 \\ 0.39 & 98.01 & -7.07 & -0.71 \\ -1.86 & -7.07 & 11.56 & 0.03 \\ 0.07 & -0.71 & 0.03 & 0.01 \end{bmatrix},$$

generated by G05RBF. All ten observations are generated by a single call to G05RBF with MODE = 0. The random number generator is initialized by G05KBF.

9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses **bold italicised** terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
GO5RBF Example Program Text
Mark 21 Release. NAG Copyright 2004.
.. Parameters ..
                 NOUT, LDC, LDX, LR
INTEGER
PARAMETER
                 (NOUT=6,LDC=5,LDX=100,LR=LDC*LDC+LDC+2)
.. Local Scalars ..
INTEGER
                 DF, I, IFAIL, IGEN, J, M, N
.. Local Arrays ..
DOUBLE PRECISION C(LDC, LDC), R(LR), X(LDX, LDC)
INTEGER
            ISEED(4)
.. External Subroutines ..
                G05KBF, G05RBF
.. Executable Statements ..
CONTINUE
WRITE (NOUT,*) 'G05RBF Example Program Results'
WRITE (NOUT, *)
Initialise the seed to a repeatable sequence
ISEED(1) = 1762543
ISEED(2) = 9324783
ISEED(3) = 42344
ISEED(4) = 742355
Choose the random generator to use
IGEN = 1
Initialise the random generator
CALL GO5KBF (IGEN, ISEED)
Set the number of variables and variates
M = 4
N = 10
Input the upper triangle portion of the covariance matrix
C(1,1) = 1.69D0
C(1,2) = 0.39D0
C(1,3) = -1.86D0
C(1,4) = 0.07D0
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```
C(2,2) = 98.01D0
      C(2,3) = -7.07D0
      C(2,4) = -0.71D0
      C(3,3) = 11.56D0
      C(3,4) = 0.03D0
      C(4,4) = 0.01D0
      Set the degrees of freedom
      DF = 10
      IFAIL = 0
      Set up reference vector and generate N numbers
      CALL GO5RBF(O,DF,M,C,LDC,N,X,LDX,IGEN,ISEED,R,LR,IFAIL)
      Display the results
      DO \bar{2}0 I = 1, N
         WRITE (NOUT, 99999) (X(I,J), J=1,M)
   20 CONTINUE
      STOP
99999 FORMAT (1X,10F10.4)
```

9.2 Program Data

None.

9.3 Program Results

GO5RBF Example Program Results 0.8744 0.1360 0.9313 0.2383 0.1422 0.2680 0.5245 0.6898 0.4155 0.4794 0.8201 0.8374 0.1090 0.4704 0.2704 0.7063 0.4188 0.1213 0.8052 0.7113 0.5303 0.8660 0.4552 0.2842 0.2386 0.3615 0.9266 0.5123 0.7943 0.7209 0.0093 0.3239 0.0743 0.5648 0.8986 0.9152 0.2385 0.0333 0.8660 0.8669

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